# COX FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS WITH RESERVATIONS

## VERSAILLES COVENANT **DECLARED SUPREME** ISSUE OF CENTURY

First Duty of New Administration, Democratic Presidential Candidate Asserts in Speech of Acceptance, Is Ratification of Treaty

INTERPRETATIONS FAVORED AS PRECAUTION AGAINST MISUNDERSTANDINGS IN FUTURE

Dayton, O., Aug. 7. GOVERNOR COX'S speech, in accepting the nomination of the Demo cratic party as its presidential candidate, was as follows:

Harding's New Pfedge

gress can pass its declaration for Republican executive- to sign."

This means but one thing-a sepa-rate peace with Germany!

of nations to a new relationship.

have attempted to satisfy too many di

under the circumstances, rise

find themselves arrayed in public

their party prospered in other days.

League Critics Arraigned

ose now inveighing against an interest

resident Wilson in unmeasured terms

Illustrating these observations

in affairs outside of America criticized

for not resenting the invasion of Bel-gium in 1914. They term the League

mandate with alarm, predicting recur-

which reserves to Congress, and to Con-

the fetters of our boundary lines, spoke

nighted Philippines. They lose mem-ory of Garfield's prophecy that Amer-

a shot has been fired in

covenant.

aunt them on every hand, and they

ight, at least, against a great prin-

More than that, their conduct

Inconsistencies, inevita -

with starvation and

Chairman Robinson, and members of and his utterance calls forth the folnotification committee: The message lowing approval from Senator Johnson ch you bring from the great conwhich you bring from the great conference of progressive thought assembled under the formal auspices of the Democratic party inspires within me a pride and an appreciation which I cannot voice. At the same time I am mindful of the responsibility which this function now officially places upon me. As I measure my own limitations the task abead of us would be approached with more than a feeling of diffidence if I were not strengthened and reassured by the faith that one has only to practice the faith that one has only to practice ter expresses it, the Republican party true fidelity to conscience. It is not is committed both by platform in the a difficult thing to know what we ought abstract and by its candidate in specito do; the sense of right and wrong fication. The threatened revolt among has been given with divine equality. leaders of the party is averted, but the minerals of history are the result minority position as expressed in the weakness in the face of tempting Senate prevails as that of the party terests. I thank God, therefore, that In short, principle, as avowed in suptake up the standard of Democracy free man, unfettered by promises and appy in the consciousness of untram-surrendered to expediency. opportunity to render a service it the name of government that will hold for it the confidence which it deserves. We are in a time which calls for straight thinking, straight talking and straight acting. This is no time for wabbling. Never in all our history has more been done for government. Never

precious things of heart and home were given up in a spirit which guarantees the perpetuity of our institutions—If the the perpetuity of our institutions—if the faith is kept with those who served and suffered. The altar of our republic is drenched in blood and tears, and he who turns away from the tragedies and obligations of the war, not consecrated to a sense of honor and of duty which resists every base suggestion of per-sonal or political expediency, is un-worthy of the esteem of his countrymen.

The men and women who by ex-pressed policy at the San Francisco convention charted our course in the open seas of the future sensed the spirit of the hour and phrased it with clarity to read and reread the Democratic platform to know its meaning. It is a document clear in its analysis of conditions and plain in the pledge of service made to the public. It carries honesty of word and intent.

Proud of the leadership and achievement of the party in war. Democracy faces unafraid the problems of peace. Indeed, its pronouncement has but to be read along with the platform framed by Republican leaders in order that both pronouncement has but to spirit and purpose as they dominate the organizations may be contrasted. On the one hand we see pride expressed in the nation's glory and a promise of service easily understood. On the other a captious, unhappy spirit to do with either of us.

This was and the treatment of subjects vital to present and the future in terms of bungling diplomacy, but plain, un-It was clear that the senatorial adulterated dishonesty as well. in the selection of the presidential can-didate, but it was surprising that it was able to fasten into the party platand the vacillating policy that pos-

In the midst of war the present sena torial cabal, led by Senators Lodge, Penrose and Smoot, was formed. Superficial evidence of loyalty to the President was deliberate in order that the great rank and file of their party. faithful and patriotic to the very core, might not be offended. But underneath this misleading exterior, conspirators planned and plotted, with bigoted zeal. With victory to our arms they delayed established by twenty-nine nations) and deemed useful to the work in hand no the world, would submit an entirely artifice for interfering with our constitutional peacemaking authority was Before the country knew, yea, before these men themselves knew the details of the composite plan formed can leaders, obsessed with a determina-at the peace table, they declared their tion to win the presidential election.

#### Custom and Precedent Violated

Before the treaty was submitted to the Senate in the manner the constitution provides, they violated every custom and every consideration of by presenting a copy of the document, procured unblushingly from cuemy procured unblushingly from enemy hands, and passed it into the printed record of senatorial proceedings. From ing the whole subject into a technical discussion, in order that the public be confused. The plan has peyer changed in its objective, but the method

At the outset there was the careful gium in 1914. They term the League of Nations a military alliance, which insistence that there was no desire to interfere with the principle evolved and except for their opposition, would enformalized at Versailles. Later, it was velop our country, when, as a matter form and not the substance that of truth, the subject of a League of casedly inspired attack. But pre. Nations has claimed the best thought professedly inspired attack. But prelater of America for years, and the League to came forth that clearly emassulated the Enforce Peace was presided over by so basic principle of the whole peace plan. distinguished a Republican as ex-Presinot necessary to recall the details dent Taft, who, before audiences in e controversy in the Senate. Sena- every section, advocated the principle Lodge finally crystallized his ideas and the plan of the present league.

They charge experimentation, when into what were known as the Lodge res-ervations, and when Congress adjourned we have as historical precedent the

#### Political Expediency First

been interesting. Political expediency in its truest sense dwarfed every con-sideration either of the public interest of the maintenance of the honor of was how to avoid a rupture in the Republican organization. intry received with interest, to say the least, the announcement from Chi cago, where the national convention was assembled, that a platform plank dealing with the subject of world peace en drawn, leaving out the Lodge reservations, and yet remaining agree to all interests, meaning thereby ervationists and the group of Republican senators that openly opposed the League of Nations in any form.

the platform made no definite com mittal of policy and was, in fact, so artfully phrased as to make almost any duction possible, it passed through convention with practical unanim Senator Johnson, however, tion has been consistent and whose s well known, withheld his support of convention's choice until the had stated the meaning of the plat orm, and announced definitely the pol-The Republican candidate has spoken is

issue of the century is before us and the nation that halts and delays is playing with fire. The finest impulses playing with fire. The finest impulses of humanity, rising above national lines, merely seeks to make another horrible, war impossible. Under the old order of international anarchy war came overnight, and the world was on fire before we knew it. It sickens our senses to think of another.

We saw one conflict into which modern science brought new forms of destruction in great guns, submarines.

struction in great guns, submarines, airships and poison gases. It is no secret that our chemists had perfected. secret that our chemists had perfected, when the contest came to a precipitate close, gases so deadly that whole cities could be wiped out, armies destroyed, and the crews of battleships smothered. The public prints are filled with the opinions of military men that in future wars the method, more effective than gases or bombs, will be the employment of the germs of diseases, carrying pestilence and destruction. Any nation pre pared under these conditions, as Ger many was equipped in 1014, could con-quer the world in a year. It is planned now to make this im-

possible. A definite plan has been agreed upon. The League of Nations is in operation. A very important work, un-der its control, just completed, was participated in by the Hon. Elihu Root secretary of state under the Roosevel administration. At a meeting of the council of the League of Nations February 11, an organizing committee of twelve of the most eminent jurists in the world was selected. The duty of this group was to devise a plan for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice, as a branch of the league. This assignment has been con-

cluded by unanimous action. This augurs well for world progress The question is whether we shall shall not join in this practical and hu-mane movement. President Wilson, as our representative at the peace table entered the league in our name, in so far as the executive authority Senator Harding, as the Republican candidate for the presidency, proposes in plain words that we remain out of it. port of the Lodge reservations, or of the so-called mild reservations, has been As the Democratic candidate, I favor

#### Harding's Plan Analyzed

Senator Harding makes this new pledge of policy in behalf of his party: "I promise you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican con-Let us analyze Senator Harding's plan of making a German-American peace, and then calling for a "new re-lationship among nations." assuming. for the purpose of argument only, that the peradious hand that dealt with Germany would possess the power or in-fluence to draw twenty-nine nations This would be the most disheartenaway from a plan already at work and sians made their separate peace with induce them to retrace every step and

This would entail our appointing anon our part than it was on that revolution had selected by the other powers. So com- whole subject of partitions and divisions will automatically adjust then plete was the coalition of strength and of territory on new lines would be repurpose that General Foch was given opened. The difficulties in this regard, dom. New life and renewed hope will command, and every soldier in as any fair mind appreciates. the allied cause, no matter what flag greater than they were at the peace will press a resolute shoulder to the he followed, recognized him as his chief, session, and we must not attempt to task of readjustment and a new era will have dawned upon the earth. now before the thing is through it is the genius, patience and diplomacy of proposed to enter into a separate peace statesmen at that time. with Germany! In good faith we say that great as was the allied triumph pledged our strength with our associ- in war, no less a victory was achieved in war, no less a victory was achieved

ates for the enforcement of terms upon at the offending powers, and now it is sug-The Republican proposal means dis-

Certainly the allied army could not be expected to render aid. If, on the other is:

"We advocate immediate ratification "We advocate immediate ratification which we offered of breaking the bond it would of the treaty without reservations which be for the express purpose of insuring would impair its essential integrity, but a German-American alliance, recogniz-ing that the Allies—in fact, no nation reservation making clearer or more spe-

### League Ratification First Duty

The first duty of the new adminis-The matter of the treaty. No less an authority than Senator approached without thought of the bit-Lodge said, before the heat of recent terness of the past. The public verdict controversy, that to make peace except will have been rendered, and I am concompany with the Allies would fident that the friends or worm per brand us everlastingly with dishonor as it will be promoted by the reague will have in numbers the constitutional will have in numbers the constitutional

The captious may say that our plat-'hopefully approach the nations The captions may say that our plat-the power to ameliorate this condition. Europe and of the earth, proposing form reference to reservations is vague has not made a single effort or passed that understanding which makes us a and indefinite. willing participant in the consecration is that we shall state our interpretation In short. America, refusing to enter faith to our associates and as a prethe League of Nations (now already in the future. The point is that after a Democratic administration is chosen the people shall have spoken the league in November. bearing and deserving the contempt of new project. This act would either be the Senate, and a safe index as to what regarded as arrant madness or attemptthey will do is supplied by what resered international bossism.

The plain truth is that the Republi-

#### Position on Covenant Restated

Some months ago, in a contributed

opposed to the idealism upon which purpose was peace and not controversy. modified. signing the instrument to understand tion than the so-called excess profits our constitutional limitations beyond tax may be found and I suggest a small which the treaty-making power cannot tax, probably 1 to 15 per cent, on the o. Dealing with these two questions total order, it has always seemed to me It is that the interpretation of the function f the league might have been stated in

the Senate has in mind the fact that the League of Nations which it embodies was devised for the sole purpose of maintaining peace and comity among the nations of the earth and preventing the recurrence of such destructive con flicts as that through which the world has just passed. The co-operation of the United States with the league and see reservations held the support of Monroe Doctrine, which is the very estits continuance as a member thereof a so-called regular Republican leaders. Skeptics viewed Monroe's ence of the league to that fundamental

> and justify the course which our nation would unquestionably follow if the basic years in preserving sovereign rights on purpose of the league were at any time this hemisphere. They hypocritically claim that the League of Nations will result in our League of Nations will result in our boys being drawn into military service, but they fail to realize that every high school youngster in the land knows that be inviting a controversy over our connot reaty can override our constitution, which reserves to Congress and the same time to meet the objections be inviting a controversy over our connot reaty can override our constitution, stitutional rights, by making a sena-

They preach Americanism with a "It will, of course, be understood are now evidences that a same adjust-teaning of their own invention, and that in carrying out the purpose of the the first own invention, and that in carrying out the purpose of the united the war and slight attention was given vincial spirit, forgetting that Lincoln States must at all times act in strict States must at all times act in strict the war and state was given harmony with the terms and intent of to the enormous economic changes that the United States constitution, which were then in progress, and when observed fought a war over the purely moral ques. harmony with the terms and intent of tion of slavery, and that McKinley broke the United States constitution, which the United States constitution, which cannot in any way be altered by the treaty making power. the freedom of Cuba and carried the treaty making power.

Further Proposals Not Barred
Unquestioned friends of the league
to go farfield's prophecy that America, under the blessings of God-given
opportunity, would by her moral leadorship and co-operation become a Messiah among the nations of the earth.

Supreme Issue of Century
These are fateful times. Organized
overnment has a definite duty all over
government has a definite duty all over
the world. The house of civilization
is to be put in order. The suprement
to be put in order. The suprement

Tenther Proposals Not Barred
Unquestioned friends of the league
to while millions of free men, regardless of the situation, Unfamiliar with naw, having no understanding of the printo free men, regardless of the printo free men, regardless of the printo free mand does not obtain. The preservato fit he situation, Unfamiliar with naw, having no understanding of the printo flee men, regardless of the printo flee men to supply and demand does not obtain. The preservato flee mand does not obtain. The preservato flee mand does not obtain. The preservato flee wealth or condition, were giving of
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#### POINTS STRESSED BY GOVERNOR COX IN SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE

EAGUE-OF-NATIONS COVENANT declared the "supreme issue of the dentury" and its ratification pledged, with such interpretations as shall make the good faith of America manifest to its allies and as a precaution against future misunderstandings.

Ratification of the constitutional amendment providing for woman suffrage urged. Charge made that the Republican campaign managers have gathered a

fund amounting to millions of dollars for the perpetuation of the "reactionary cause." and demand formulated for a strict accounting for all contributions and disbursements.

"Senatorial Oligarchy," composed of Senators Lodge, Penrose and Smoot accused of selecting Senator Harding to lead the Republicans and of incor porating into the party platform a creed of bitterness and hate, "and the vacillating policy that possesses it."

Heavy and immediate reduction in federal taxation pledged." Establishment of a budget system, which would reduce the expense of conducting the overnment, including interest and sinking fund provisions, to \$4,000,000,-000 annually demanded

Small tax, probably 11/2 per cent, on the total business of every going concern recommended in lieu of excess profits tax. Sharp modification of income levies on wages of salaried and professional and small business men advocated.

Federal reserve act commended as the greatest factor in America's efforts win the war, next to the personal sacrifice of the people

Extension of the nation's educational facilities, the Americanization of aliens and the conservation of childhood emphasized. Repeal of war laws, restricting the freedom of speech and assembly and the liberty of the press advocated.

Adequate pay of government employes, short shrift for anarchists and labor agitators and development of waterway transportation urged. Financial credit of railroads favored. Discrediting of government opera tion of roads called unfair

Profiteering denounced and punishment for profiteers demanded. Fair returns for capital and labor advocated. Development of agriculture, as the basis of all other industries, held a

national duty.

should be mental reservations that taxable securities. This will cease if the are not expressed in plain words, as a changes suggested are made, matter of good faith to our associates. In the analysis of government, as Such interpretations possess the furvirtue of supplying a base upon which agreement care be reached, and agreement, without injury to the covenant, is now of pressing importance, was the desire to get things started that prompted some members of the for them in the final rollcalls dense, that the problems, that they acted under lens. Civilization continues to build in that a politically higoted y was exercising the arbitrary of its position to enforce drastic fact. vations. voted for them in the final rollcalls realized, however, that they acted under

power of its position to enforce drastic Happily, the voters of the republic, remedy that situation, and I have the growth goes on under the protection of other commission to assemble with those will be enabled to combine impulse and instrument discarded, the conditions. The agencies of exchange is regard, dom. New life and renewed hope will would be take hold of every nation. Mankind

#### Domestic Problems Pressing

We have domestic problems to settled. They are most pressing. Many conditions growing out of the war will not and should not continue. The work gested that this be withdrawn.

Suppose Germany, recognizing the first break in the Allies, proposes something we cannot accept. Does Senator Harding intend to send an army to Germany to press her to our terms? Certainly the allied army could not be expected to render aid. If, on the other than the court of the cour our people into an unparalleled financial emergency, which was faced with a determination to make every sac-rifice necessary to victory. Billions in liberty loans subscribed by patriots re-gardless of their financial condition were government and other billions gladly paid into the treasury through Illegal profits as the result of prefer-many forms of taxation. To have paid ence. Such largesses are today a greater on the high sense of national duty with of honest business, which we of America view the obligations of this generation. Immediately following the armistice. measures to modify oncrous and annov-

And then after peace is made with requisite to favorable senatorial acthe Republican Congress, in which all square dealing American . Its meaning, in brief, a single law to lift from the Ameri- alty of criminal law, can people a load of war taxation that caution against any misunderstanding duced, and it will be done at once, if

Saving of \$2,000,000,000 Yearly Possible gaining service in return. Many captains of industry, guided by a most dandening service in description of industry, guided by a most dandening service industrial philosophy. Saving of \$2,000,000,000 Yearly Possible by the elimination of all others and strict econ- and employe their will should be enomy everywhere, national taxes can be

vations they have proposed in the past. administrative departments. reduced in excess of \$2,000,000,000 yearly. Annoying consumption taxes, article to the New York Times, I expressed my own opinion of the situation as it then was. I reproduce it should be repealed. The incomes from war, made fortunes. war-made fortunes, those of nonpro-There can be no doubt that some ducers and those derived from industries are sometimes made to end them. Dissenators have been conscientious in their that exist by unfair privileges may be putes between labor and capital are indesire to clarify the provisions of the able to carry their present load, but evitable, treaty. Two things apparently have taxes on the earnings of the wage- best bare treaty. Two things apparently have disturbed them: First, they wanted to make sure that the league was not to be an alliance, and that its basic the small tradesman should be sharply

I believe that a better form of taxa business of every going concern It is to be understood that income received by wage-carners, sal-aried men, agriculturists and the small In giving its assent to this treaty, business man who should be exempt thought will do the rest, that from this tax.

The profiteer and some of the highly capitalized units have used the excess profits tax as a favorite excuse for load ing on the consumer by means of highl inflated selling prices many times the amount actually paid the government. A necessary condition to the national contentment and sound business is a just proportion between fair profits to business and fair prices to the consumer It is unquestioned that the enormou made necessary, as a part of war financing, the diversion of the products of many industries from their usual channels, as well as the disturbance to general business caused by the great mass of unassimilated allens. Attracted by an unprecedented demand for labor, they have From that time the processes have rent wars in defense of Central and rent wars in defense of Central and Such a declaration would at least expansion of purpose. Such a declaration would at least expansion of war express the view of the United States made necessary, as a part of war express the view of the United States made necessary, as a part of war express the view of the United States made necessary, as a part of war express the view of the United States made necessary. general business caused by the with-drawal of millions of men from pro-ducing fields, all contributed to the rise to be general

in prices.

Reversion of these various agencies to a more stable condition will tend toward a recession in the enormously torial addition in words something like inflated present prices of many comthese:

"It will, of course, be understood are now evidences that a sane adjustthe war and slight attention was given dured and they were submerged in the manufacturing plants,

dured and they were submired.

But this has not been the worst phase the consumer the law of supply and detection of the situation. Unfamiliar with law, mand does not obtain. The preservation of foodstuffs by cold storage is a supply and described by cold storage is a supply and de

the events of today enable us to pene-trate the subject, we see the difference between the old and the progressive kinds of thinking. The belief of the reac-

change of products between individuals conneccial units and nations, our development would be slow. All of this that they will, at the election and with the encouragement of govern-fall. Then organized government ment.

The least, therefore, that might be rendered unto government for this con-thuous service is a policy of fair-dealing. Too often the genius of man advantage, and the success which has lative been achieved in this particular has led to the formation of groups which crations, and we have not recognized unnecessary for any candidate for as we should that the failure of govern presidency to say that he does not ment to prevent inequalities has made it tend to violate his oath of office. possible for mischievous spirits to de- one who is false to that oath is velop prejudice against the institutions unworthy than the law violator him-of government, rather than against ad-self. ministrative policy.

#### Tribe of Profiteers Augmented

here. This difference bears directly on profiteering, which is today the most sinister influence in American life. It is not a new thing in America. The tribe of profiteers has simply multiplied under the favoring circumstances of war. For years large contributions have been made to the Republican caminstantly placed at the disposal of the paign fund for no purpose except to buy a governmental underhold, and to make current taxes more than one-third menace to our contentment and our inthe expense of the greatest war in stitutions than the countless temporary and fatten only in time of disturbed prices. If I am called to service as President means will be found, if they ing taxation should have been taken and these excentions to the great mass of business men, do by way to use the same vardstick of honesty that governs most of us in our dealings that it almost turns upon the economic with our fellow men or in language that with our fellow men, or in language that they may understand, to suffer the pen-

There is another reason for the fabulous contributions to the present Re-publican campaign fund. Much money. partisan zeal, but the great bulk has been given with the definite idea of that in controversy between forced, even at the point of the bayonet.

I speak knowingly. I have passed through many serious industrial bles. I know something of their chology, the stages through which they pass, and the dangerous attempts that The disposition to gain the best bargain possible characterizes the whole field of exchange, whether it be product for product, or labor for money. If strikes are prolonged public opinion always settles them. Public opinion should determine results in America. Public opinion is the most interesting food supple characteristic of a democracy, and it is side into the real safety valve to the institutions of a free government. It may, at times, be necessary for government to inquire 'business' so used does not include into the facts of a tie-up, but facts and The determining form of unprejudiced process governmental agencies must give property, and maintain firmness, ways the real test, but if official confluct combines courage and fairness, our governmental institutions come these affairs untarnished by distrust.

#### Aliens Fomenting Unrest

This is not an academic observation. enormous It is the mere recital of experience. Un-As they have become acquainted with the customs and opportunities of American life thousands of them have be come citizens and are owners of their own homes. However, the work of assimilation too long was merely auto-matic. One million six hundred thousand foreign born in this country cannot read or write our language. interest in them in the main has been simply as laborers, assembled in the great trade centers to meet the demand of the hour. Without home or com-munity ties, many have been more or less nomadic, creating the problem of excessive turnover, which has perplexed

ernments and industry itself.

In the past many industries that have suffered from chronic restlessness have been the chief contributors to their own troubles. The foreigner with European standards of living was welcomed, but too often no attempt was made to educate him to domestic ideals, for the simple reason that it adversely affected the ledger. It has been my observation that the man who learns our language yields to a controlling public opinion and respects our laws; besides, in proportion as his devotion to American life develops, his interest in the impulsive develops, his interest in the impulsive processes of revolution diminishes.

Need for Drastic Legislation Past a composite nation. The Allegand doubtless intended it to be such. We will not, however, develop patriotism unless we demonstrate the difference description and democracy. The ecessity for the drastic laws of war days is not present now, and we should return at the earliest opportunity to the statutory provisions passed in time peace for the general welfare.

There is no condition now that war rants any infringement on the right of free speech and assembly nor on the liberty of the press. The greatest measure of individual freedom consistent with the safety of our institutions should be Excessive regulation causes action because the legislative authority acted unwisely.

A forbearing policy is not the proper one for the deliberate enemy of our institutions. He is of the kind that knows conditions abroad and here. The difference between autocracy and democracy is well marked in his mind. He is opposed to government in any government, the purpose of it becomes

#### Contempt of Law Harmful

Official contempt for the law is a harmful exhibition to our people. It is difficult to follow the reasoning of any one who would seek to make an issue of the question of law enforcement. The executive obligation, both national and state, on assuming the oath of office is to 'preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States." The constitution, in its essence, is the li-cense and limitation given to and placed upon the law-making body. The legis-lative branch of government is sub-jected to the rule of the majority. The led to the formation of s. We are a law, is an enemy both to the construction and to the American principle, busy people, preoccupied in too large of majority rule. It would seem quite of majority rule. presidency to say that he does not in-tend to violate his oath of office. Any

> Morals can not easily be produced by person and property, it could easily

ollective bargaining through the means ognizing that in protecting it they Collective bargaining through the means of representatives selected by the employer and employe respectively, will be helpful, rather than harmful to the general interest. Besides, there is no ethical objection that can be raised to it. We should not, by law, abridge a man's right either to labor or to quit his employment. However, neither labor nor capital should at any time or in bor nor capital should at any time or in

for compelling ment of policy as to what business man and workingmen may do and may not do by way of combination and collective predilections of the judge or jury. This does not make for confidence in the courts nor respect for the laws, nor for distribution. There surely will be cu-way by which co-operation may be cu-way by which co-operation of enhealthy activity in production and tribution. There surely will be found The rules of business should made more certain, so that on a will yield compensating results. stable basis men may move with con-

believe Government, however, should pro-employer vide the means in the treatment of its ld be en-ebayonet ditions and to rectify wrong. It is needless to say that in order to be consistent, facts should at all times justify the presupposition that the government employes are properly com-

The child life of the nation should conserved; if labor in immature practicing unfairness to the next.

Agriculture Basis of All Industry Agriculture is but another form of industry because upon it depends the approval. Many of these corporations feed sapply. The drift from country-side into the city carries disquieting cal activities, local, state and national. portents. If our growth in manufac turing in the next few years holds its present momentum. It will be necessary for America to import foodstuffs. not conclusions should be submitted. It therefore devolves upon government, through intensive scientific help in maintaining as nearly as possible the existing balance bevigilant eye to the protection of life tween food production and consump-Farming will not inspire individual

> An additional check to depleted ranks in the fields would be the ishment of modern state rural school ernment to transport troops and supmaintain active sponsorship of this, great stress, a satisfactory outlet for Rural parents would be lacking in the our industries. element which makes civilization en-during if they did not desire for their children educational opportunities com-parable to those in the cities. The rail and except for the motortruck parable to those in the ciges. The rail and except for the great page the consumer pays for foodstuffs which conveyed oil for commercial puris no indication of what the producer poses, we should not, in all probability receives. There are too many turn have been able to throw our deciding overs between the two.
> Society and government, particularly local and state, have been remiss in not federal operation of railroads during the modernizing local marketing facilities. Municipalities must in large measure control, community markets. This is matter of such importance that the fed-eral government can profitably expend money and effort in helping to evolve ing conditions of poor equipment. methods and to show their virtues. The farmer raises his crop and the price which he receives is determined by supply and demand. His products in beef

## Americanization on the part of church, school, community agencies, state governments and industry itself. \$2,000,000,000 ANNUAL SAVING SEEN IF BUDGET SYSTEM IS ADOPTED

Nominee Convinced Yearly Expense of Government. Including Interest and Sinking Fund Provisions, Can Re Reduced to \$4,000,000,000

We must be patient in the work of assimilation and studiously avoid oppressive measures in the face of mere evidence of misunderstanding. We have a composite nation. The Almighty MENTION OF PROHIBITION ISSUE OMITTED

> yond which perishable foodstuffs should outlet for every ton of their ex not be stored. Every successful modern business enterprise has its purchasing, producing and selling departments. The farmer has maintained only one, the

manifestations that compel restraint. for with the manufacturer for labor. The police power, therefore, is called He has been unable to compete in the past and his help in consequence has interference with local movements of been insufficient. Therefore the right of freight is inevitable. The solution would co-operative purchasing and selling in the modern view should be removed Aside from this, the accruing gain from

from all question.

Agricultural thought has not been sufficiently represented in affairs of gov-ernment. Many of the branches of the government which deal remotely or di-rectly with the soil and its problems the events of today enable us to penetrate the subject, we see the difference between the old and the progressive kinds of thinking. The belief of the reactionaries is that government should not function more widely than it did in the past, but they seem to forget that the fundamental of our plan is equal rights for all and special privileges for none.

Ile is opposed to government in any form, and he hates ours because it appears to those whom he would convert to his creed. Any policy of terrorism is fuel to his flame of anarchy. Those whom he seeks to arouse, in time, realize whom he seeks to arouse, in time, realize whom he seeks to arouse, in time, realize mental attitude, so that when the law for all and special privileges for none.

In the subject, we see the difference between his and he hates ours because it appears to those whom he would convert to his creed. Any policy of terrorism is fuel to his flame of anarchy. Those whom he seeks to arouse, in time, realize the difference between his and their mental attitude, so that when the law for all and special privileges for none.

In the subject, we see the difference between his and the specific to his creed. Any policy of terrorism to his creed. Any policy of terrorism is fuel to his flame of anarchy. Those whom he seeks to arouse, in time, realize to the general welfare if the practical experience of the farmer were an element in their administration. To be specific, the Interstate Commerce from the subject of the soil and its possibilities would be more valuated to his creed. Any policy of terrorism to his creed. Any policy of terrorism and its possibilities would be more valuated to his creed. Any policy of terrorism to his creed. Any policy of terrorism to his creed. Any policy of terrorism and its possibilities would be more valuated to his creed. Any policy of terrorism and its possibilities would be made to the general welfare if the practical experience of the farmer were any element in their administration. To be specific, the Interstate Commerc Board, the Federal Trade Commission and the United States Tariff Commission are administered by business men. Does any one contribute more to the making and success of railroads than the farmer or to the creation and prosperity of the banks or to the stability of manufacturing and trade units, or to the service of manufacturing and trade units, or to the service of the Republican party in obedience to orders. The contribute of the Republican party in obedience to orders.

### the agencies interested in exporting? tenantry. With the period of occu-

its fertile elements and each year diminishes our national assets. Under the operation of the Federal Reserve and the farm loan acts encouragement has come to thousands who find that indus-try, character and intelligence are a period to be better and congress. golden security to the people's banker, the government of the United States. Multiply our home owners and you will Multiply our home owners and you win make the way of the seditions agitator more difficult. Bring into the pucture of American life more families, happily of American life more families, happily of American life more families, happily of their party. The Federal Reserve act is admitted to the reserve act is admitted to the reserve act is admitted. own, and you will find new streams running into the national current of statute. The writ of injunction should not be abused. Intended as a safeguard dens of taxation by making the holddens of taxation by making the hold-credit and all they represent from a ers of hidden wealth pay their share financial district out into the keen by abuse cease to be the protective with those whose property is in sight, of the people themsely device it was intended to be. develops into large units upon home-building thrift, and thouwithout violence to public sentiment or injury to public interest; the same principle should not be denied to labor. Collective bargaining through the message in the state of their own roof, will look to the credit of American business shall be freezed to American business shall be freezed to the credit of th ers. Nothing will bring more golden return to the welfare of the republic.

we increase to our utmost our area of nection with the winning of the war, as creased consumption and added acreage hood and womanhood itself the has been an unequal one. Modern factor was the marshaling into one unit methods of soil treatment have been through the Federal Reserve banks of helpful, but they have their limitations. There are still vast empires in extent n our country performing no service to shores into that commercial lumanity. They require only the ap-plied genius of men to cover them with the bloom and harvest of human necesits best engineering talent to the task of irrigation projects. Every dollar spent merce.

no material addition to the total mile age in the last ten years, and the inrese in terminals has been much less than required.

At the beginning of the war the rollyears is permitted by one generation, it ing stock was sadly reduced and inadequate. The public had not given in pay for service sufficient revenues on which eredit could be allowed by the banks, Moral assistance was withheld because industry. In fact, it is the basis of of railroad policies that did not bring Then there were more or less sporadic

Abuses were not general, but they were sufficient to bring the entire rail-road systems of the country in disrepute. The good suffered with the evil. When the transportation lines were taken over by the government they were barely able to limp through the task of the effort unless profits, ad things consider-ed, are equal to those in other activi-ed, are equal to those in other activi-Unity in operation and the merging of volves the disadvantage of disburse every car and engine into a co-ordiestab- nated plan of operation enabled the gov The federal government should plies, at the same time affording, under

It should be remembered in this connection that except for the motortruck The rail and except for strength into the balance and win the Any attempt to discredit the the case of those who know the facts it is insincere. Too much cannot be said in praise of those who directed this work, nor of the men who physically operated the lines under the discourag-

#### Railroad Problem Still Exists

But all of this is water over the The problem of the railroads and pork and produce pass into cold is still with us. The government and storage and ordinarily when they reach the public should render every rethe public should render every co-operation in the utmost good faith to

maner as to keep the demand in excess of that part of the supply which is re-leased from storage. This is an unfair practice and should be stopped. Be-sides, there should be a time limit be-yond which perishable foodstuffs should harbors great ocean ports of entry inspiring to contemplate.

In the crop-moving period, the call on the railroads is staggering. Grain producing department.

It is not only fair that he be enabled piles up in the elevators. With stagboth to purchase and to sell advantageously, but it is absolutely necestageously, but it is absolutely necestageously. favorable conditions. The trackage and the terminals in middle states particu-larly are clogged with this traffic, and interference with local movements of every crop would be a consideration for the reason that the price of grain in this country is made by the Chicago market and it is determined by the London quotations. The price in the British metropolis is a stated figure less the cost of transportation. The of these commodities by water effect a saving of approximately eight cents a bushel, which means that American grain would net just that much

#### Currency Reform

party in obedience to orders. The con Decrease in Tenantry Vital

Our objective should be a decreased were thus able to dominate markets, regulate prices regulate prices, favor friends, destroy mancy uncertain, the renter strips land rivals, precipitate and end panics and fits fertile elements and each year in short, through their financial, social through their financial. and political outposts, be the real ruler

of America.
The Federal Reserve act against the bitter protests of the Repub-lican stand-patters, who almost withou exception voted against it. Among these men are the familiar names of Schaton most constructive transferred the power over money as

of the people themselves, and instead one center to which all paid tribute there are twelve citadels of financia the credit of American business shal be free is the basis of administration Every citizen should be alert to guard this great institution which is his guar-antee of credit independence. It should be kept from the hands of those whe have never been its friends, and who by changes in a few obscure phrases could translate it into a greater power

Federal Reserve System Commended It is almost unnecessary to speak Common prudence would suggest that of the Federal Reserve system in con-The race between in- next to the consecration of our man those of vision who look out beyond our Federal Reserve system can be seen pro-The government should turn moting in every quarter of the globe an engineering talent to the task of ever-widening flow of American com-

We will soon have a merchant marine Any discussion of the question of fleet of 11,000,000 tons aggregate, every ship flying the American flag and carry ing in American bottoms the products of mill and mine and factory and farm. This would seem to be a guarantee of continued prosperity. Our facilities for taton facilities. Both the railroads and exchange and credit, however, in foreign parts, should be enlarged and, under the parts, should be enlarged and, under the Federal Reserve system, banks should be established in important trading cen-

> I am impressed also with the impor tance of improving. If not reorganizing, our consular service. The certain increase in foreign trade would seem to demand it. This suggests another change. Our ambassadors to foreign countries have had assigned to them a military and a naval attache. The staff should be enlarged so as to include an officer of the government whose exclusive duty would be to make observation report development and improvement in educational and social problems

> Government bureaus during the war had close contact with the organization of the country. That excorganization along purely lines. The advantages of a democracy in government need not be recounted ments, authorized by without sufficient knowledge the need of the service, or the possibilities of extravagance.

#### Budget System Demanded

The answer to this is sthe budget system. No successful business enter-prise of any size can operate without e of any size can operate without For a hundred years the federal unit, and the states as well, made appropriations without determining the difference between departmental need and caprice, at the same time paying little attention to the relation as between income and expense. Many of the states have adopted a budget system, and with a success that

carries no exception. Efficiency has

bility has been centered, and economies have been effected. The same can be done by the federal government. The system will reveal at the states, a vast surplusage ployes. It awakens individual interest, encourages greater effort and gives op-portunity for talent to assert itself. The normal course of least resistance develops in government bureaus a hardpan which retards progress. When the